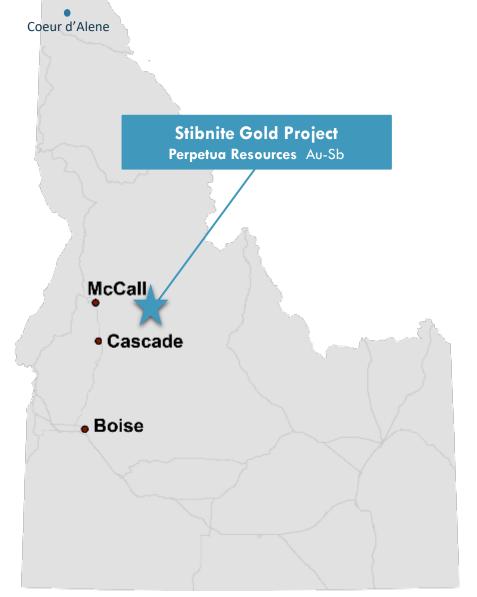


TSX:PPTA NASDAQ:PPTA



STIBNITE GOLD PROJECT | Perpetua Resources





The Stibnite Gold Project (Project) is in the abandoned Stibnite Mining District in central Idaho. The site produced 90% of the antimony and 50% of the tungsten used by the US war efforts during WWII and the Korean War.

Today, Perpetua Resources is nearing final permitting approvals to redevelop the site for remaining gold and antimony resources. The Project is also designed to repair environmental legacies left behind from mining activities that started over a century ago, leaving the environment better than it is today.

The Stibnite Gold Project is the only identified domestic source and the only known available non-Chinese source of mil-spec antimony trisulfide.



HISTORICAL LEGACY

After 100+ years of mining activity, many environmental legacies remain.

TAILINGS

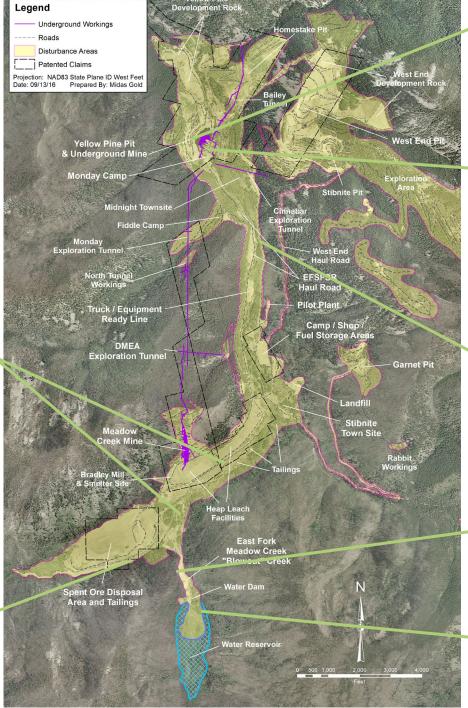
10.5 million tons of legacy spent ore and unlined tailings interact with ground and surface water



MEADOW CREEK

4,900 ft rock lined ditch with limited habitat function





YELLOW PINE PIT

The East Fork of the South Fork dumps into a legacy mine pit. Currently, ~80 feet of sediment has collected at the bottom



FISH PASSAGE

Fish migration is blocked by the Yellow Pine pit



HABITAT 13,000+ ft poor habitat quality



BLOWOUT CREEK

Largest source of sedimentation in the watershed



14-foot drop in water table, loss of wetlands function



RESTORATIVE. CRITICAL. RESPONSIBLE.



Our goal is to transform an area abandoned after 100 years of mining activity into a national strategic asset for critical mineral and gold production.

Our approach is to utilize responsible mining and stakeholder engagement practices to restore the legacy site and bring benefits to all stakeholders.



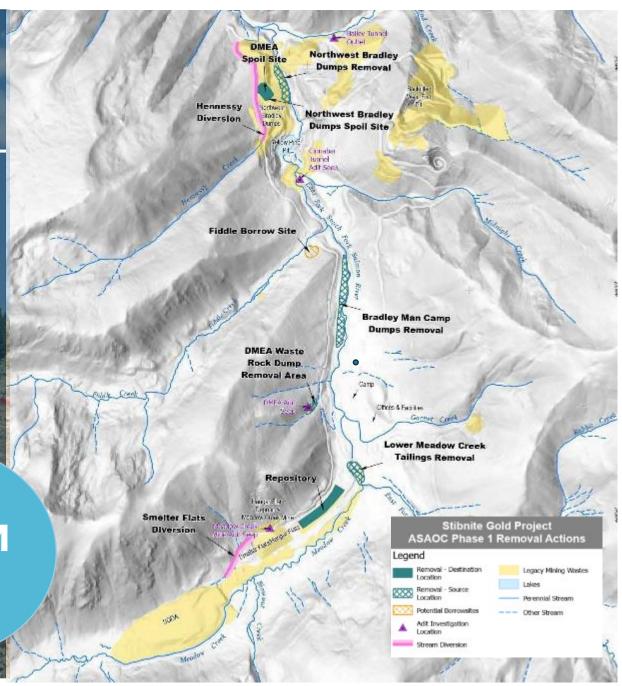
CLEANUP STARTS TODAY

A PATH FORWARD FOR STIBNITE

In a signed agreement with federal agencies, Perpetua has volunteered to remove and safely store 325,000 tons of legacy tailings & waste and divert and line streams to help keep clean water clean.

Work began in July 2022.

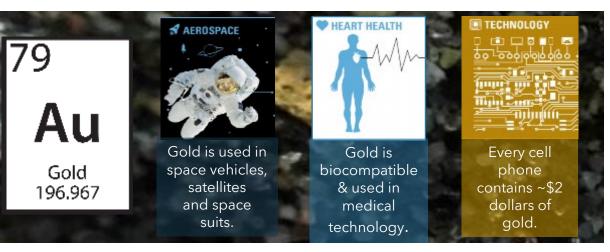
\$17.5M invested



GOLD

4.8 MILLION OUNCES OF GOLD (Reserve)

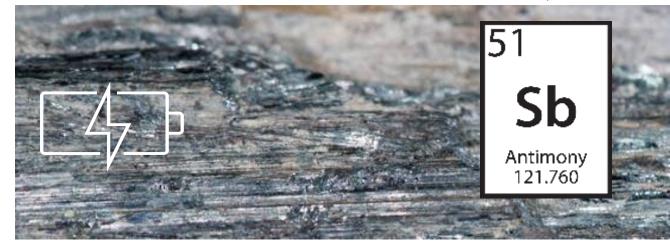
Total resource ~6 million ounces.



ANTIMONY

148 MILLION POUNDS OF ANTIMONY (Reserve)

Total resource ~206 million pounds



The **Stibnite Gold Project** would be the 4th largest US gold operation by grade and likely produce between ~4-5 million ounces of gold. *

Half of all gold is used for jewelry. Other uses include currency and industrial purposes, in aerospace, technology and medical equipment.

The **Stibnite Gold Project** would be the only domestic source of mined antimony, expected to produce ~115 million pounds.*

Critical for the defense and technology sectors, the United States uses **56.7 million pounds** of antimony each year, but we are **heavily dependent on China** to supply this strategic mineral.



^{*} Based on the 2020 Feasibility Study (FS), which is intended to be read as a whole and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context. The information in this presentation is subject to the assumptions, exclusions and qualifications contained in the FS. See "Regulatory Information" at the end of this presentation.

STIBNITE GOLD PROJECT

YELLOW PINE PIT

The Yellow Pine Pit will be re-mined and backfilling will begin in year 7 of operations. The river will be restored to natural flow and gradient, reconnecting fish to miles of native spawning and rearing grounds for the first time in 80 years.

WEST END PIT

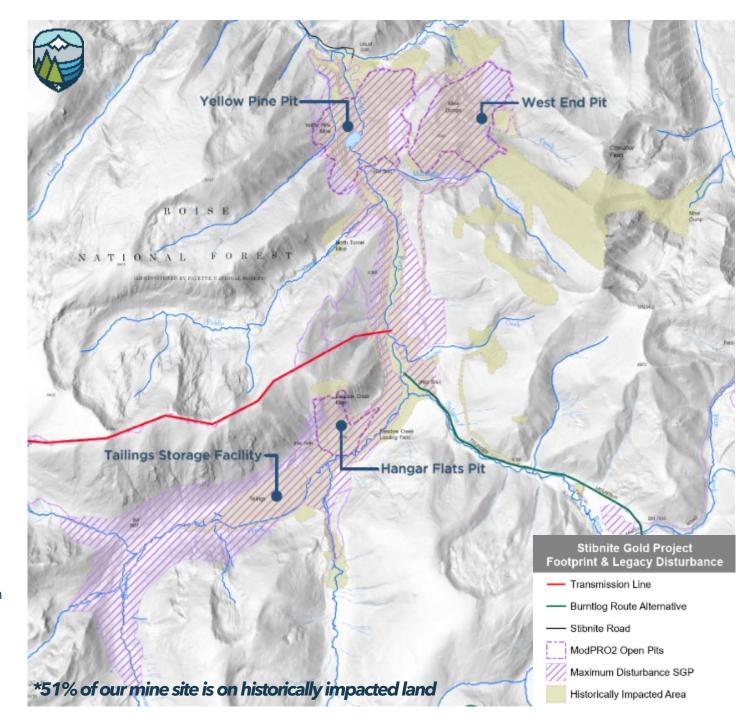
This current open pit will be re-mined, providing limestone for processing and allowing for more comprehensive habitat restoration.

HANGAR FLATS PIT

This is the site of the former smelter, heap leach and underground workings. It will become a new open pit during operations. Mining this area will include backfilling the pit and stream and wetland reconstruction.

TAILINGS STORAGE FACILITY (TSF)

TSF construction and operations include reprocessing & safely storing 3 million tons of historical tailings and repurposing 7 million tons of heap leach ore, removing an existing potential source of water degradation. The TSF will be composite lined and features an 80-million-ton rock buttress that brings the factor of safety to double the required value at all stages.







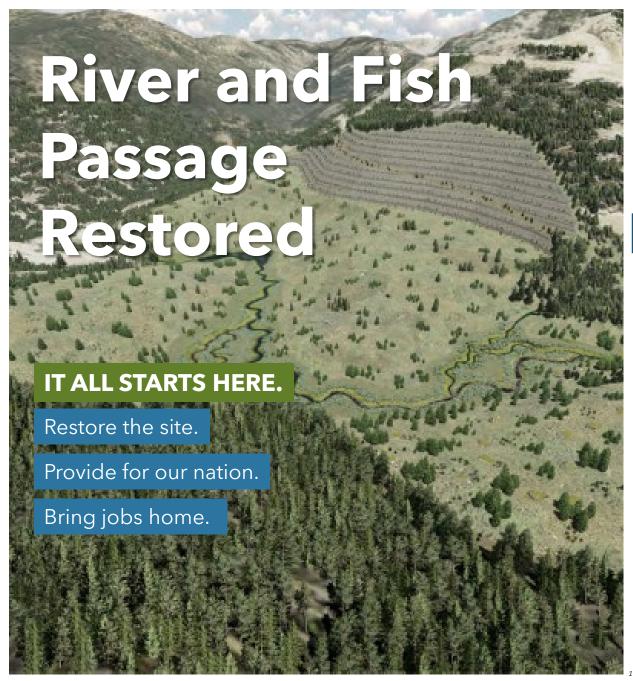
2010 Begin Study and Engineering
2016 Begin Regulatory Review under NEPA
2020 Public Comment Period for the DEIS
2022 Supplemental Draft EIS published
2024 Record of Decision anticipated 2024

PLAN DESIGNED TO PROVIDE:

- Restoration of abandoned mine site via private investment
- ✓ Restoration of salmon migration into upper EFSF Salmon River
- ✓ Over 500 direct well-paid jobs for Idahoans
- ✓ The only domestically mined source of antimony, a mineral of critical national significance

NEPA: National Environmental Policy Act **DEIS:** Draft Environmental Impact Statement **EFSFSR:** East Fork South Fork Salmon River

¹ See forward-looking statements at the beginning of this presentation. Reflects management's latest expectations based on USFS schedule published in October 2022.



REFINED BY SCIENCE & PUBLIC FEEDBACK

After **7+ years** of review, feedback, refinement, and the 2022 Supplemental Draft Environmental Impact Statement (SDEIS) the Stibnite Gold Project is ready to move forward.

Identified as Preferred Alternative

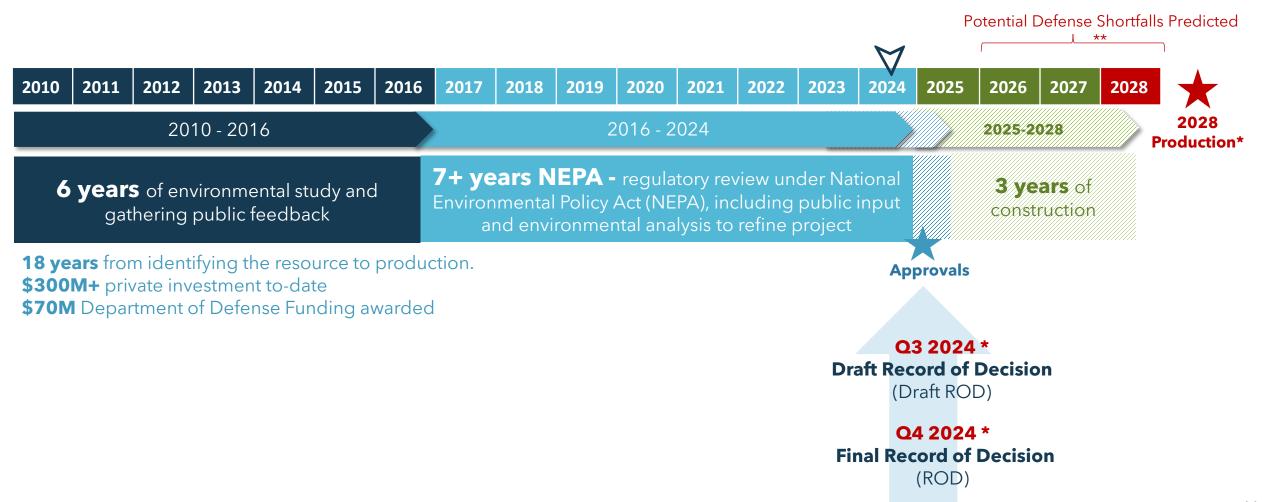
- ✓ **PUBLIC SUPPORT:** 15,500 (85%) of the public comments on the SDEIS supported the project.
- ✓ **WATER IMPROVED:** 47% reduction in arsenic in EFSF Salmon River onsite. (40% off-site) (SDEIS Tables 4.9-18)
- ✓ HABITAT OPENED: 20+ miles of fish habitat opened.
- ✓ WETLANDS IMPROVED: 63% net increase in wetlands acres and 140% uplift in wetlands quality (functional units) over today.
- **RIVER IMPROVED**: 9% increase in river functional units + 5C stream temperature reduction from DEIS.
- ✓ **SALMON BENEFIT**: "The restoration activities, particularly providing volitional passage in the East Fork SFSR, would result in major, permanent, regional, and beneficial effect on Chinook salmon, steelhead, bull trout, and westslope cutthroat trout within the vicinity of the mine." (SDEIS)



¹ Under NEPA, a "Preferred Alternative" is identified by a Federal Agency in a DEIS to let the public know which action the 1 O agency is leaning toward selecting as final.

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE*



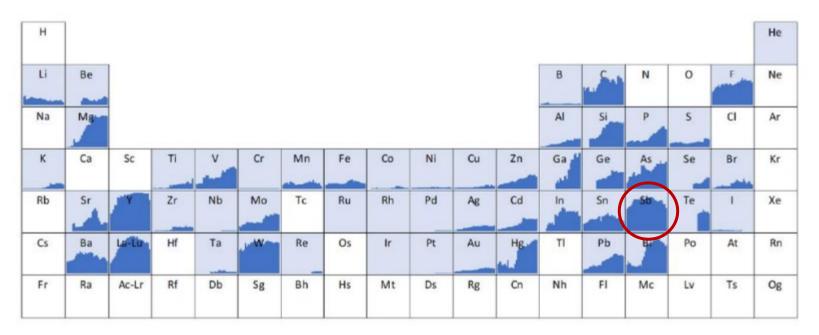


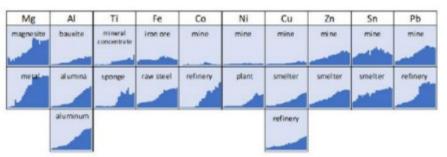
^{*}Expected schedule based on company projections and current schedule from US Forest Service

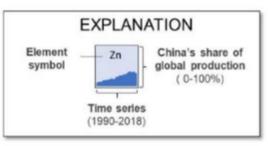
^{**} Feb 2024 Letter to Idaho Delegation from DOD Acquisition and Sustainment, William LaPlante

ANTIMONY SUPPLY

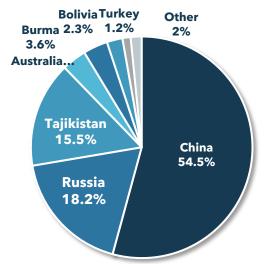
Figure 9: China's Share of Global Primary Production (1990-2018)34







World Antimony Production, 2022



~90% of the global antimony supply is dominated by China, Russia and Tajikistan.



Source: White House Report, 100-Day Supply Chain Reviews (2021), Department of Defense, Review of Critical Minerals and Materials

CRITICAL FOR THE AMERICAN FUTURE

ANTIMONY (Sb): A "critical mineral" that is vital to U.S. national security and will support the transition to a green economy



Night Vision Goggles

Military Clothing

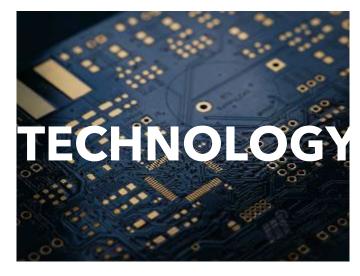
Infrared Sensors

ning Lead: Bullets & Shrai

Hardening Lead: Bullets & Shrapnel

Armor Piercing Projectiles

Ammunition Primers



Circuit boards
Semi-conductors
Electrical switches
Fluorescent lighting
High-quality clear glass



Copper wiring insulation
Lead-acid batteries
Liquid-metal batteries
Solar panels
Wind turbines



ANTIMONY IN THE DEFENSE SECTOR

Antimony is critical for national defense



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

\$59.4M - Defense Production Act Title III \$15.5M - U.S. Army, Defense Ordnance

"Perpetua's Stibnite-Gold Project produced antimony trisulfide for the U.S. ammunition industrial base during World War II and the Korean War, and it is the sole domestic geologic reserve of antimony that can meet Department of Defense (DoD) requirements."

U.S. Department of Defense, Dec 19, 2022



ANTIMONY TRISULFIDE: Antimony trisulfide, aka "stibnite", is derived from a high purity form of the critical mineral antimony.

It is an essential component in hundreds of munition types, including primers for small and medium caliber munitions, mortars, artillery, mines, flares, grenades, shoulder launched munitions and missiles.

- Ammunitions
- **Ammunition Primers**
- **Explosive Formulations**
- Night Vision Goggles
- Military Clothing
- Communication Equipment
- Infrared Sensors
- Precision Optics
- And more



WHOLE OF GOVERNMENT

\$74M+ Defense Funding

Up to \$59M+ Defense Production Act funding to support permitting, construction readiness.

\$15M Defense Ordinance Technology Consortium (DOTC) funding to test mil-spec production.

\$1.8B Export-Import Bank of the US

Letter of Interest for up to \$1.8B financing for project development under Make More In America Initiative + China & Transformational Exports Program (CTEP).

Defense Production Act (DPA):



U.S. Department of Defense

- ✓ Product required for national security
- ✓ American Industrial Base cannot meet the need
- ✓ DPA is the most efficient way to bridge the gap.



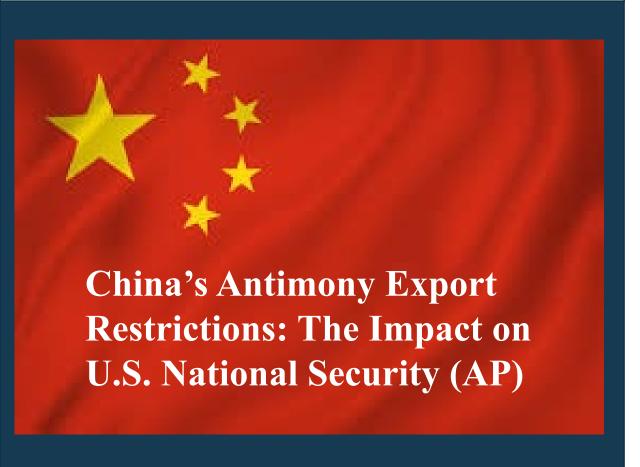
EXIM Financing available for:

- ✓ American Jobs
- ✓ Export nexus
- ✓ China competitiveness
- √ 10 transformational exports

August 15, 2024

CHINA RESTRICTS ANTIMONY EXPORTS

Antimony ore | Antimony oxide | Antimony Sulfide | Antimony Ingots | Antimony-based alloys | Related processing equipment



China's Antimony Export Restrictions: The Impact on U.S. National Security

BEIJING (AP) —

"China's Commerce Ministry announced Thursday that it will restrict exports of a mineral used in a wide range of products from batteries to weapons.

Export controls will be placed on antimony starting Sept. 15 to safeguard China's security and interests and fulfill its international non-proliferation obligations, the ministry said. Anyone wishing to export the mineral in various forms will have to apply for a license."

RESTRICTIONS INCLUDE:

Antimony Ore | refined to make antimony metals, oxides, sulfides – etc.

Antimony TriOxide | fire retardants, solar panels, glass clarifiers, night vision goggles, lasers

Antimony Sulfide | primers, detonators

Antimony Ingots | solar panels, lead acid batteries

Antimony-based alloys | batteries, semiconductors,

Related processing equipment | Tbd



THANK YOU.



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